Long Term Plan for History

<u>Nursery</u>

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Questions Key Learning	Why am I special? What happens in autumn? All About Me	How can I see in the dark? Why are babies wonderful? Dark and Light		Is the grass starting to grow? What comes out of an egg? Spring	What are the wonders of Tyldesley? Our Town Tyldesley	
Learning	Autumn	Celebrations		New Life		
EYFS Statements	 Has sense of own immediate family and relations. Can imitate actions and events from own family and cultural background. Can talk about own immediate history and things they can remember have happened in their lives. 	 Can remember and talk about significant events in their own experience. Describes special times or events for families and friends. Can remember and talk about stories about important past events from the bible. 		 Can talk about some of the things they have observed such as plants and animals, natural and found objects. Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time. Can talk about how they have grown and changed since birth. 	 Notices detailed features of objects in their environment. Can talk about the different buildings in their local environment and the purpose they serve e.g our home and school. 	

Long Term Plan for History

Reception

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Questions	What makes me marvellous?	What is there to celebrate?	Do dinosaurs exist?			Who are your favourite story characters?
Key Learning	All About Me	Celebrations	Dinosaurs			Once upon a time
EYFS Statements	 Can join in with family customs and routines. Can talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. Can make observations in own immediate and local environment. 	 Can talk about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and between families, communities and traditions e.g. Remembrance, Guy Fawkes and Christmas. 	 Noticing and understanding similarities and differences. Can talk about how environments might vary from one another. 			 Can talk about past and present events. Knows about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and between families, communities and traditions.

Long Term Plan for History	
Year 1 and Year 2	

			2020-2022	1		
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Questions		Why should The Great Fire of London never be forgotten?		How have Mary Seacole and Edith Cavell helped to make the world a better place?		How have holidays changed in the last 100 years?
Key Learning		Great Fire of London		Mary Seacole and Edith Cavell		Holidays
Narional Curriculum objectives		 Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, 		 Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, 		 Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions,

	 choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented. Pupils are taught about events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally. 	 choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented. Pupils are taught about the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. 	 choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented. Pupils are taught about changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life.
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Long Term Plan for History Year 1 and Year 2

			2021-2022	2			
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1		Summer 2
Кеу		Why is the Titanic		What happened in		١	Would The Beatles have
Questions		so famous?		Tyldesley in the past?			won X Factor?
Key Learning		Sinking of the Titanic		Local History			Popular culture (The Beatles)
Narional Curriculum objectives		 Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, choosing and using 		 Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, choosing and using 		•	Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, choosing and using

 parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented. Pupils are taught about events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally. 	 parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented. Pupils are taught about significant historical events, people and places in their own locality. Pupils understand connections - how the past has shaped the Tyldesley we know today. 	 parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented. Pupils are taught about changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life.
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Long Term Plan for History Year 3 and Year 4

			2020-2021			
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Questions	Who first lived in Britain?	Why were the Romans so powerful and what did we learn from them?		What impact did the Normans have on British society?		
Key Learning	Stone Age to the Iron Age	Romans		Normans		
Narional Curriculum objectives	 Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British history. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should address and devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity, difference and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of 	 Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British history. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should address and devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity, difference and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of 		 Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British history. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should address and devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity, difference and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of 		

relevant historical information.	relevant historical information.	relevant historical information.	
 They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources. Pupils are taught about changes in Britain from Stone Age to Iron Age. 	 They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources. Pupils are taught about the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain. The Roman Empire by AD 42 and the power of its army. British resistance, for example, Boudica. 	 They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources. Pupils are taught about a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066. 	

Long Term Plan for History

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			2021-2022			
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Questions	Who were the Ancient Greeks?				How did the Victorian period help to shape the Tyldesley we know today?	
Key Learning	Ancient Greeks				Victorian Ty	yldesley
Narional Curriculum objectives	 Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of world history. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should address and devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity, difference and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of 				 Pupils should continue to secure knowledge and und history. They should note connect over time and develop the historical terms. They should address and c questions about change, c and significance. They should construct information. They should understand h past is constructed from a Pupils are taught about loo how mining changed over why it is significant. 	derstanding of local ions, contrasts and trends appropriate use of devise historically valid ause, similarity, difference ormed responses that on of relevant historical ow our knowledge of the range of sources. cal history. For example,

	relevant historical information.		
•	They should understand how our		
	knowledge of the past		
	is constructed from a		
	range of sources.		
•	Pupils are taught		
	about Ancient Greece		
	 a study of Greek life 		
	and achievements and		
	their influence on the		
	western world.		

Long Term Plan for History Year 5 and Year 6

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			2020-2021			
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Key Questions		How can we rediscover the wonders of Ancient Egypt?			Who were the Anglo-Saxons and Scots? How did they influence our lives today?	Were the Vikings always victorious and vicious?
Key Learning		Ancient Egypt			Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots	The Viking and Anglo Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England
Narional Curriculum objectives		 Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of world history. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should address and devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity, difference and significance. They should construct informed responses 			 Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British history. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should address and devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity, difference and significance. They should construct informed responses 	 Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British history. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should address and devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity, difference and significance. They should construct informed responses

	 that involve thoughtful selection of relevant historical information. They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources. Pupils are taught about the achievements of the earliest civilisations – an overview of where and when the first civilisations appeared. A depth study of Ancient Egypt. 	 that involve thoughtful selection of relevant historical information. They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources. Pupils are taught about Britain's settlement by Anglo- Saxons and Scots. Roman withdrawal from Britain in c. AD410 and the fall of the western Roman Empire. Scots invasions from Ireland to north Britain (now Scotland) Anglo-Saxon invasions, settlements and kingdoms. Anglo-Saxon art and culture. 	 that involve thoughtful selection of relevant historical information. They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources. Pupils are taught about the Viking and Anglo Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edwards the Confessor. Viking raids and invasions resistance by Alfred the Great and Athelstan further Viking invasions and Danegald Anglo-Saxon laws and justice
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Long Term Plan for History

Year 5 and Year 6

	2021-2022							
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Key Questions	Why was the Islamic Civilisation around AD900 known as the 'Golden Age'?		To be or not to be?	What was life like in Tyldesley during World War 2?				
Key Learning	Early Islamic Civilisation		Shakespeare	Local History: World War 2				
Narional Curriculum objectives	 Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of world history. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should address and devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity, difference and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection of relevant historical 		 Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British history. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should address and devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity, difference and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection of relevant historical 	 Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of local history. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should address and devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity, difference and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection of relevant historical 				

	information.		information.		information.	
•	They should	٠	They should	٠	They should	
	understand how our		understand how our		understand how our	
	knowledge of the past		knowledge of the past		knowledge of the past	
	is constructed from a		is constructed from a		is constructed from a	
	range of sources.		range of sources.		range of sources.	
•	Pupils are taught	•	Pupils are taught	•	Pupils are taught	
	about early Islamic		about an aspect or		about local history.	
	civilisation, including a		theme in British		They know what it	
	study of Baghdad c.		history that extends		was like to live in	
	AD 900. They know		pupils' chronological		Tyldesley during WW2	
	how it contrasts with		knowledge beyond		and understand the	
	British history.		1066.		lasting impact.	
		٠	They know who	٠	Pupils are taught	
			William Shakespeare		about a study of an	
			was and why we		aspect or theme in	
			remember him.		British history that	
		٠	They know what it		extends pupils'	
			was like to live at the		chronological	
			time he was alive.		knowledge beyond	
					1066.	